VALIDATION GUIDE

PROPOR HC

Pharmaceutical Grade

Cartridge & Capsule filters





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Introduction 1.

Sterilisation grade filters that come into contact with pharmaceutical products, such as injectable or infusion liquids, must conform to strictly defined quality standards.

By using filter technology that conforms to the standards laid down by the various certifying bodies, the quality of the final product can be assured. Contamination can also be prevented from entering the final product by its comprehensive removal at each stage of the primary and secondary process.

When sterilising grade filters are used in the manufacture of products, the interactions between product, filter and process must be fully investigated and validated.

Guidelines for validation can be sourced from publications issued by the FDA, EMEA, USP, EP, BP, PDA¹, etc. This validation document has been produced with these guidelines in mind to enable the end user to incorporate this information within their own validation documentation or standard operating instructions for the process.

NOTE

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FDA, EMEA, USP, EP, BP, PDA - Food and Drug Administration, European Medicines Evaluation Agency, United States, European and British Pharmacopoeia, Parenteral Drug Association.

2. Quality Assurance

Quality is built into all Parker domnick hunter filtration products through a rigorous product design process, careful selection of suppliers and materials, and manufacture within a highly controlled environment using validated production technologies in adherence to cGMP.

2.1. Quality and Environmental Management Systems

Parker domnick hunter is certified to current versions of the following quality standards by Lloyds Register Quality Assurance.

BS EN ISO9001 Quality Management Systems

BS EN ISO14001 Environmental Management Standard

BS EN ISO13485 Medical Devices

Copies of the original certificates are available upon request.

2.2. Manufacturing Facilities

Parker domnick hunter continues to invest substantially in installation of the latest clean room and manufacturing technology. All manufacturing systems are validated using statistical methodologies (process, product and software) and constantly monitored using statistical process control charts. All personnel within the manufacturing operations are fully trained in cGMP and against competency frameworks to ensure their suitability to operate within specific manufacturing areas.

2.3. Material Conformity

Parker domnick hunter works closely with suppliers to ensure materials supplied are of a consistently high quality and also to develop new materials as part of our ongoing product development activity. In addition to supplier certificates of conformity and analysis, incoming raw materials, including moulded parts, membranes and supports, and elastomeric seals, are subject to an appropriate level of incoming inspection. This includes bacterial challenge on each lot of membrane used in the manufacture of sterilising grade filter cartridges and capsules.

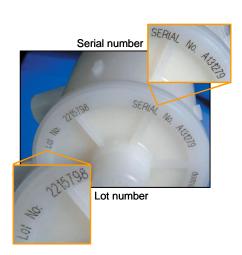
2.4. Product and Lot Release Criteria

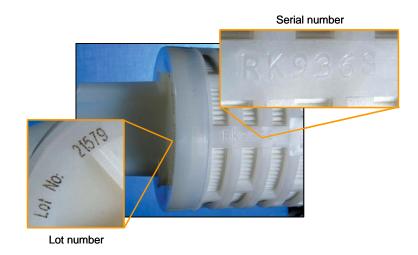
Prior to shipment all Parker domnick hunter cartridges and capsules undergo final product quality control. 100% of testable products undergo a non-destructive integrity test (diffusional flow). This includes a high volume flush with water that meets or exceeds the current EP and USP standards for purified water. Products are dried using HEPA filtered air and sealed in a protective polyethylene bag within the controlled manufacturing environment prior to final pack and despatch.

In addition a sample is taken from each production lot and tested to demonstrate conformity to validated claims.

2.5. Product Traceability

The product code and type, lot number and unique capsule serial number are printed on all products. Additionally, the lot number is identified on the protective bag label and the box label within which the cartridge / capsule is packed. The serial number provides complete traceability back to pleated materials used in the manufacture of each capsule and the manufacturing processes through the module routing sheet.





2.6. Product Shelf Life

The shelf life for PROPOR HC cartridges and capsules is 3 years (2 years for irradiated product).

3. Product Description

All products within the PROPOR HC range have been designed for use in bioprocessing and pharmaceutical applications. All jointed surfaces are assembled by the use of heat sealing technology. No resins or binders are used in the manufacture of the filter and no surfactants are added to aid wetting.

3.1. Materials of construction

All materials meet the FDA requirements as defined in Title 21 Code of Federal Regulations and the BioSafety Tests as defined in the current USP including the Class VI Plastics Testing.

Filtration Membrane	Polyethersulphone
---------------------	-------------------

Prefilter Membrane Polyethersulphone

Upstream Support Polyester

Downstream Support Polyester

Inner Core Polypropylene

Sleeve Polypropylene

Endcaps (cartridge) Nylon

Capsule body (DEMICAP) Nylon

Capsule body (MURUS)
Polypropylene

Capsule vent seals Silicone

Cartridge o-rings (standard)
Silicone

Filling bell Polycarbonate

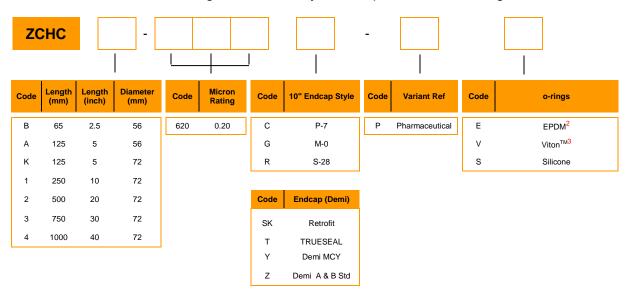
3.2. Product Coding

Product code structures indicate the cartridge / capsule sizes, micron ratings, endcap configurations and orings that are available within the product range.

Cartridges

Example ZCHC2-620C-PS

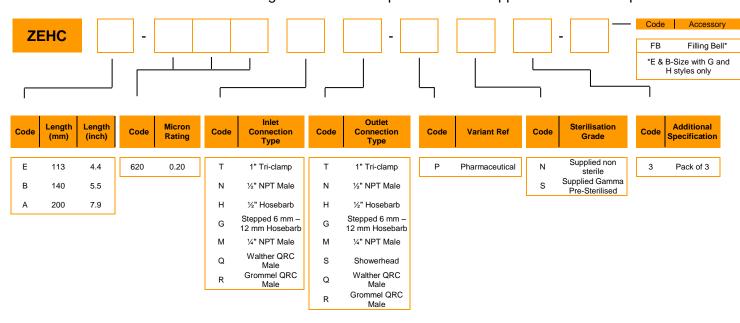
500 mm (20") 0.2 micron PROPOR HC filter cartridge, pharmaceutical grade with 'C' style endcap and silicone o-rings.



Small-Scale DEMICAP Capsules

Example ZEHCB-620TT-PN3

B size 0.2 micron PROPOR HC DEMICAP capsule, pharmaceutical grade with tri-clamp connections supplied non-sterile in packs of 3.



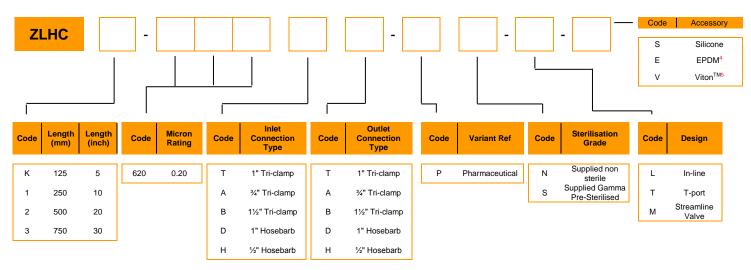
² **EPDM** – Ethylene Propylene Diene Monomer Rubber

³ Viton[™] is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Corporation

Large-Scale MURUS capsules

Example ZLHC1-620TT-PN-L-S

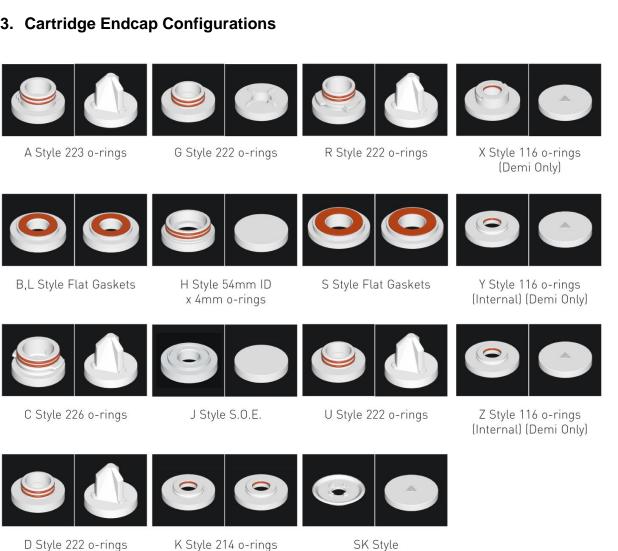
10" 0.2 micron PROPOR HC MURUS capsule with tri-clamp connections, pharmaceutical grade, supplied non-sterile with inline design and silicone o-rings.



⁴ **EPDM** – Ethylene Propylene Diene Momomer Rubber.

⁵ Viton is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Corporation.

3.3. Cartridge Endcap Configurations





K Style 214 o-rings (Internal)

M,N Style 214 / 213

o-rings (Internal)

SK Style (Demi Only)















(Demi Only)



X Style 1/2" NPTM Thread & Gasket

















F Style 216 / 218 o-rings

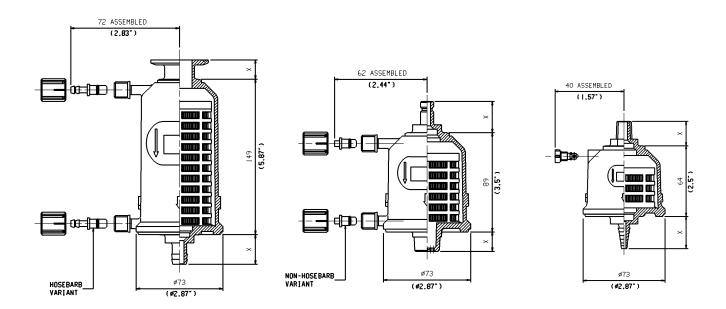
P Style 227 o-rings

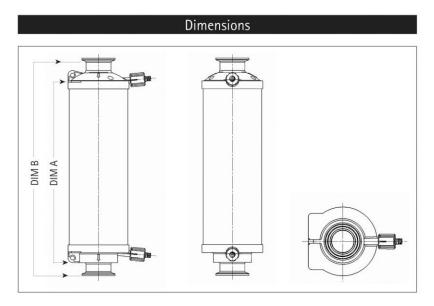
W Style 111 o-rings (Demi Only)

V Style BSPP Thread & Gasket

Autoclave Vent Filter Endcaps

3.4. Capsule Dimensions





Cartidge	е Туре	Dimension A		Dimension B	
10" 2	50mm	10.30"	262mm	13.07"	332mm
20" 5	00mm	20.04"	509mm	22.79"	579mm
30" 7	50mm	29.80"	757mm	32.56"	827mm

Dimensions shown are typical lengths for $1^{1/2}$. Tri-Clamp. Further dimensions available from domnick hunter.

DEMICAP Inlet / Outlet Connection Styles











1" Tri-Clamp

Stepped Hosebarb

1/4" NPTM Thread

1/2" Hosebarb

1/2" NPTM Thread

MURUS Inlet/Outlet Connection Styles











11/2" Tri-Clamp

1" Tri-Clamp

1" Tri-Clamp T-Port

3/4 Tri-Clamp

4. Product Specifications

4.1. Cartridge Operating Differential Pressures and Temperatures

The maximum operating temperatures and differential pressures were qualified by running water at temperature through representative products of the PROPOR 10 inch cartridge range for 30 minutes.

Serial Number	Batch Number	Differential Pressure (barg)	Temperature (°C)	Diffusional Flow (ml / min)
20703CA	2F8076	4.1	40	5.7
20718CA	2F8075	4.1	40	4.7
20685CA	2F8074	4.0	40	5.1
20701CA	2F8076	3.0	60	4.1
20713CA	2F8075	3.0	60	6.3
20690CA	2F8074	3.0	60	4.0
20703CA	2F8076	2.0	82	7.3
20718CA	2F8075	2.0	80	5.2
20685CA	2F8074	2.0	80	4.2

Note: The maximum allowable diffusional flow is 16 ml / min.

Conclusion

The recommended maximum differential operating pressures at various temperatures are shown below:

Temperature		Differential Pressure	
°C	°F	bar	psi
20	68	5.00	72.5
40	104	4.00	58.0
60	140	3.00	43.5
80	176	2.00	29.0
90	194	1.70	24.6

4.2. Capsule Operating Pressures and Temperatures

Testing to verify the maximum operating temperatures and pressures was conducted post autoclaving and post irradiation to simulate worst-case conditions.

DEMICAP

Post Autoclave (11 Porous load cycles @ 130°C)

Serial Number	Batch Number	Capsule Surface Temperature (°C)	Burst Pressure (barg)
DC272048	3485129	44.3	9.65
DC272053	3485129	45.0	8.56
DC273519	3485129	44.4	8.34
DC289414	3506050	44.4	9.97
DC289415	3506050	45.3	9.14
DC289416	3506050	44.7	9.66
DC289417	3506050	45.0	10.08
DC289418	3506050	44.8	8.51
DC289419	3506050	45.7	8.90

Post Irradiation (minimum dose of 45.6 kGys)

Serial Number	Batch Number	Capsule Surface Temperature (°C)	Burst Pressure (barg)
DC294108	3500959	45.0	10.08
DC294110	3500959	45.0	10.67
DC294113	3500959	44.9	9.38
DC294142	3504739	45.0	9.29
DC294143	3504739	44.6	8.34
DC294146	3504739	42.4	8.57
DC289422	3506051	44.2	7.97
DC289423	3506051	44.3	9.28
DC289424	3506051	44.2	8.49

Conclusion

The recommended maximum operating temperature and pressure for the PROPOR HC DEMICAP range of capsules has been set at 5.0 barg @ 40°C.

MURUS Large-Scale Capsule

The maximum operating temperatures and pressures for the MURUS range were evaluated using the PROPOR SG cartridge variant. This is applicable for the complete range as it is the capsule housing integrity and the seals which are being tested and these are common across the PROPOR range. The results below are a sample from the those manufactured during validation.

Post Autoclave for 10" Capsules (5 Porous load cycles @ 130°C)

Serial Number	Burst Pressure barg @ 25°C
9134MU001	22.41
9134MU002	23.36
9134MU003	17.80
9134MU004	20.90
9134MU005	20.92
9134MU006	23.63

Post Irradiation for 10" Capsules (minimum dose of 45.6 kGys)

Serial Number	Burst Pressure barg @ 25°C
9233MU006	18.67
9233MU008	18.24
9233MU010	17.20
9233MU012	19.11
9233MU014	20.52
9233MU016	20.58

Elevated Temperature

Serial Number	Capsule Surface Temperature (°C)	Burst Pressure barg
9171MU001	52.9	13.37
9171MU003	54.3	16.71
9171MU005	52.6	14.30
9171MU007	53.0	14.59
9171MU009	52.3	13.12
9171MU012	54.2	14.25

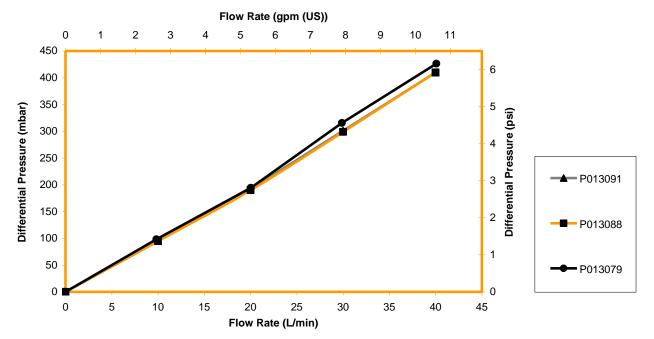
Conclusion

From the data above the recommended maximum operating temperatures and pressures for the PROPOR HC MURUS range of capsules has been set at 5.5 barg @ 25°C and 2.8 barg @ 60°C.

4.3. Flow Rates

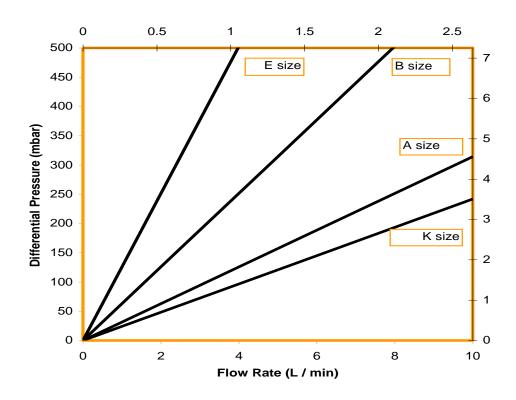
Cartridge flow rates were determined for filters from three separate lots. The flowrates for the MURUS capsule range are the same as those for the equivalent size cartridge

Water Flow Characteristics for 10 inch Cartridges & Capsules*



^{*} Capsule fitted with 11/2" triclover connection

Average Water Flow Rates for Small Scale Cartridges & Capsules



4.4. Effective Filtration Area (EFA)

Product Size	Surface Area (m²)	Surface Area (ft²)
3	1.65	17.75
2	1.10	11.83
1	0.55	5.91
K	0.26	2.79
Α	0.20	2.15
В	0.10	1.07
E	0.05	0.53

4.5. Hold Up Volume

P	harmaceu	tical Capsu	le Product	Hold Up	Volumes (r	nl)
		1 barg Air purge			2 barg air purge	!
Product	A size	B size	E size	A size	B size	E size
PROPOR HC	61.4	31.4	19.4	40.5	21.6	15.2

4.6. Autoclave Life

The autoclave life of capsules was determined using a porous load cycle.

The resistance to autoclaving was determined by evaluating the integrity of nine 'A' size capsules pre and post autoclaving.

	Integrity Test	Values Post Autoc	lave @ 130°C
Serial Number	0 Cycles	11 C ₎	rcles
	Diffusional Flow (ml / min)	Diffusional Flow (ml / min)	Bubble Point (mbar)
DC446087	3.9	5.0	4887
DC446088	5.6	4.4	4800
DC446090	3.3	4.6	4789
DC446091	4.1	5.7	4746
DC446094	5.7	4.4	4735
DC446095	4.3	5.1	4929
DC446096	4.8	4.2	4935
DC446097	4.8	4.3	4655
DC453877	5.1	5.5	4940

NOTE: Maximum allowable diffusional flow for an A size PROPOR HC is $6.5\ ml$ / min Minimum bubble point for an A size PROPOR HC is $3.38\ bar$.

Conclusion

The PROPOR HC range of filter capsules can be autoclaved up to 10 cycles at 130°C (266°F), which includes a 10% safety factor.

MURUS Large-Scale Capsules

The autoclave life of capsules was determined using a porous load cycle.

The resistance to autoclaving was determined by integrity testing nine 10" size MURUS PROPOR SG capsules pre and post autoclaving. Testing of the PROPOR SG is applicable for the complete range as it is the capsule housing integrity and the seals that are being tested and these are common across the PROPOR range. The results below are a sample from those manufactured during validation.

	Integrity Test Autoclave	
Serial Number	0 Cycles	5 Cycles
	Diffusional Flow (ml / min)	Diffusional Flow (ml / min)
1934MU001	5.1	8.5
1934MU002	6.6	9.7
1934MU003	6.7	13.1
1934MU004	3.6	9.2
1934MU005	4.6	8.8
1934MU006	8.3	13.0
1934MU007	7.2	14.5
1934MU008	9.2	11.2
1934MU009	4.1	9.9

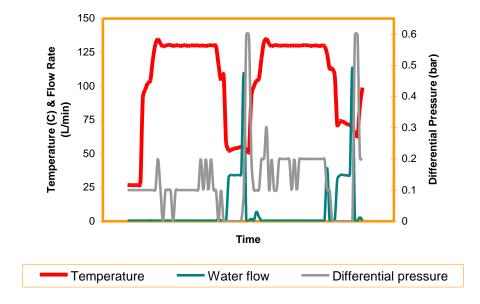
NOTE: Maximum allowable diffusional flow for an 10" MURUS PROPOR SG is 16.0 ml / min

Conclusion

The PROPOR HC range of filter capsules can be autoclaved up to 5 cycles at 130°C (266°F).

4.7. Cartridge Steam Life

The steam life of cartridges was determined using the Steam in Place (SIP) cycle shown below, which replicates extreme conditions. This includes a combination of steaming for 30 minutes at temperature followed by ambient water flow during the cooling phase of each cycle.



The resistance to steam sterilisation was determined by evaluating three production batches of 10 inch cartridges. A representative sample is shown below.

			Integrity	Test Values	s post SIP	@ 130°C		Bacterial
Batch	Serial No	0 cyc	cles	10 cy	cles	33 cy	cles	Challenge @ 33 cycles
		Diff flow (ml/min)	B.pt (mbar)	Diff flow (ml/min)	B.pt (mbar)	Diff flow (ml/min)	B.pt (mbar)	Filtrate Sterility
	P012403	13.8	4505	11.6	4511	11.7	4596	Sterile
1	P012395	13.6	4506	12.3	4561	11.7	4636	Sterile
	P012406	13.3	4504	12.0	4511	9.3	4295	Sterile
	P013094	15.3	4546	15.3	4535	14.5	4585	Sterile
2	P013095	16.0	4595	15.5	4586	17.7	4546	Not challenged
	P013090	12.7	4296	13.7	4545	13.9	4545	Not challenged
	P013636	14.8	4666	14.9	4746	14.9	4657	Sterile
3	P013639	14.8	4616	12.9	4746	15.0	4696	Sterile
	P013643	14.5	4666	13.4	4802	15.0	4746	Sterile

NOTE: Maximum allowable diffusional flow for a 10 inch PROPOR HC is 18 ml / min Minimum bubble point for a 10 inch PROPOR HC is 3.38 bar.

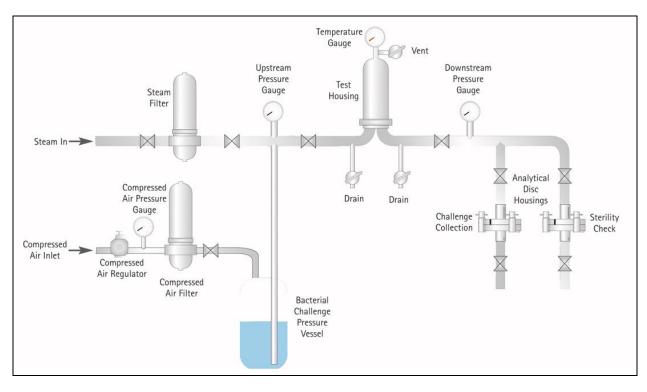
Conclusion

The PROPOR HC range of filter cartridges can be steam sterilised up to 30 cycles at 130°C (266°F), which includes a 10% safety factor.

4.8. Retention

The correlation between bacterial challenge and a non-destructive integrity test has been demonstrated using the procedure documented in the current revision of ASTM F838 'Standard Test Method for Determining Bacterial Retention of Membrane Filters Utilized for Liquid Filtration'⁶.

Liquid Bacterial Challenge Schematic



Under these test conditions, the test filter is challenged with a minimum of 10⁷ viable *Brevundimonas diminuta* (ATCC 19146) per square centimetre of effective filtration area. Any organisms that pass through the test filter are collected and cultured on the surface of analytical discs. In this way colonies may be counted and bacterial species identified. The filter retention is quantified by expressing the filter's efficiency to remove the challenge organism from the challenge suspension as a Log Reduction Value (LRV).

 $LRV = Log_{10}$ (Number of organisms in the challenge/Number of organisms in the filtrate)

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⁶ Previous reference to the guidance document *Microbial Evaluation of Filters for Sterilising Liquids*, HIMA Document No. 3 Vol. 4, April 1982, referred to in USP<1211> Sterilisation by Filtration has been superseded by the equivalent ASTM F838.

4.9. Diffusional Flow Correlation Data

The correlation between diffusional flow and bacterial challenge for PROPOR HC 0.2 micron cartridges is shown in the table below. This data shows that a 250mm (10") PROPOR HC 0.20 µm filter exhibiting a diffusional flow of <20.0 ml/min when completely wetted with water, at a test pressure of 2.80 barg (40.6 psig) at 20°C (68°F) will produce a sterile filtrate.

PROPOR HC 0.2 µm 10" cartridge ZCHC1 -620C-P Filter type:

Challenge organism: Brevundimonas diminuta (ATCC 19146)

5 5		(- /	
Serial No.	Diffusional Flow (Air in Water) @ 2.80 barg (40.6 psig) ml/min	Total Challenge Level Cfu (x 10 ¹¹)	Organisms Passed cfu	LRV ⁷
G26417	5.0	91.10	0	12.96
G26330	7.0	1.49	0	11.20
G26322	9.0	1.70	0	11.20
P012406	9.3	1.68	0	11.22
G26414	10.0	7.42	0	11.90
P012429	10.5	2.06	0	11.30
P012418	11.6	0.89	0	10.95
G51334	12.0	0.75	0	10.90
P012423	12.6	1.46	0	11.10
P012435	12.8	1.70	0	11.20
P012426	13.0	3.80	0	11.60
P012410	13.1	1.10	0	11.00
P012422	13.5	1.20	0	11.10
P012437	13.7	4.10	0	11.60
P013094	14.5	0.89	0	10.93
P013636	14.9	1.04	0	11.02
P013643	15.0	0.99	0	11.00
G26327	17.0	1.16	0	11.10
G26317	19.0	3.65	0	11.60
G26423	20.0	10.30	0	12.00
G08180	26.0	1.10	194	8.75
G18241	26.0	1.16	45	9.40
G08185	26.0	1.12	202	8.74
G18242	29.0	0.95	39	9.40
G08240	39.0	1.17	TNTC ⁸	<7.00
G53776	43.0	0.90	880	8.00
F97934	49.0	0.74	1840	7.60

NOTE: The maximum allowable diffusional flow for a 10 inch PROPOR HC is 18.0 ml / min

Conclusion

A maximum diffusional flow of 18ml/min for a water wetted 10" PROPOR HC filter cartridge provides complete assurance of a sterile effluent incorporating as it does a safety margin in relation to the correlation data above.

Where organisms passed = 0, LRV is stated as greater than.

⁸ TNTC - Too Numerous To Count.

4.10. Integrity Testing Data

The following integrity test limits have been determined from the 10 inch cartridge correlation data. Limits for other sizes have been calculated directly from effective filtration area ratios for each variant. These limits are for water wet cartridges using air as the test gas.

Micron Rating		mum e point ⁹	Flow	sional Test sure			Maxi	mum Dif		Flow		
	bar	psi	bar	psi	40"	30"	20"	10"	K	Α	В	Е
0.2	3.38	49.0	2.80	40.6	72.0	54.0	36.0	18.0	8.4	6.7	3.2	1.4

4.11. Gamma Sterilization (Capsules)

4.11.1. Validation of gamma sterilization process

The required sterilization dose was determined from an analysis of the bioburden from three discrete production batches of DEMICAP products in accordance with VDMAX Method "Substantiation of 25 kGy as a sterilizing dose: A rational approach to establishing a verification dose" ref: ISO/EN WD,11137-3.

The average bioburden for the three batches of product tested when compared with reference to AAMI TIR27 indicated a sub process dose for a sterility assurance level of 10⁻² to be 9.1 kGy. Ten capsules were subsequently irradiated at 9.1 kGy and individually tested for sterility. After the full incubation period zero tests gave a positive result therefore substantiating 25 kGy as a sterilization dose and guaranteeing an SAL of 10⁻⁶ in accordance with ISO/EN WD, 11137-2.

Conclusion

The current sterilization dose of 25 to 40 kGy is substantially in excess of the calculated sub process dose providing a high level of assurance of product sterility.

⁹ Parker domnick hunter does not recommend the use of bubble point as an integrity test method for cartridges but values are given for use as an indicator of product integrity.

4.12. Chemical Compatibility

The following data is indicative of PROPOR HC cartridge & capsule compatibility with a range of chemicals at ambient temperature and 72 hour exposure. However it is recommended that specific process conditions are reviewed with your local Parker domnick hunter representative.

are reviewed with y								- 1													
	BIO-X II	HIGH FLOW BIO-X	HIGH FLOW BIO-X VENT AUTOCLAVE	HIGH FLOW PREPOR GFA	HIGH FLOW TETPOR II	HIGH FLOW TETPOR H.T.	HIGH FLOW TETPOR VENTAUTOCLAVE	PROCLEAR PP	PROCLEAR GF	PROCLEAR GP	PROPOR MR	PROPOR SG	PROPOR HC	PROPOR BR	PROPOR LR	TETPOR AIR	TETPOR LIQUID	TETPOR PLUS	EPDM o-ring	VITON o-ring	SILICONE o-ring
Acetic acid 3.5N	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Acetic acid 8.75N	С	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	LC	LC	NC
Acetic acid conc.17.5N	С	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	LC	NC	NC
Acetone	С	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC
Acetonitrile	С	С	-	LC	С	С	С	С	LC	LC	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC
Acidbrite 4 (Diversey) 3.0%v/v	-	-	-	С	-	-	-	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С
Ammonium Hydroxide 8N	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	С	С	С	С	С	С
Ammonium Oxalate 0.07N	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Amyl Acetate	С	С	С	LC	С	С	С	С	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	С	С	С	NC	NC	LC
Aqueous Ammonia 15.5N	С	С	С	LC	С	LC	С	С	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	С	С	С	С	С	С
Benzyl Alcohol	С	С	С	NC	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Benzyalkonium Chloride 0.1%	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Boric acid,saturated	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Butan-1-ol	С	С	С	С	LC	LC	LC	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC	С	С	С
Butan-2-ol	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	LC	С	С
Carbon Tetrachloride	С	С	С	NC	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	NC	NC	NC	NC	С	NC
Chloroform	С	С	С	NC	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	LC	NC
Cyclohexane	С	С	С	NC	-	-	-	NC	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	LC	LC	LC	NC	NC	NC
1,4 – Dioxane	С	С	С	LC	С	С	С	С	LC	LC	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC
Diverflow (Diversey) 3%v/v	-	-	-	NC	-	-	-	С	NC	NC	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	С	С	LC
Diversey 212G 0.6%v/v	-	-	-	С	-	-	-	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С
Divosan Forte 0.5%v/v	-	-	-	С	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	С	С	С
Divosan XT 1%v/v	-	-	-	С	-	-	-	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С
Ethanol	С	С	С	С	С	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	LC
Ethanol 45%	-	-	-	С	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Ethyl Acetate	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	LC	LC	LC	С	NC	LC
Formaldehyde 0.3%	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Formaldehyde 37%	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Formic acid conc.	С	С	С	NC	С	С	С	С	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	NC	NC
Glycerol	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Hexane	С	С	С	-	С	С	С	NC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NC	NC	NC

	BIO-X II	HIGH FLOW BIO-X	HIGH FLOW BIO-X VENT AUTOCLAVE	HIGH FLOW PREPOR GFA	HIGH FLOW TETPOR II	HIGH FLOW TETPOR H.T.	HIGH FLOW TETPOR VENTAUTOCLAVE	PROCLEAR PP	PROCLEAR GF	PROCLEAR GP	PROPOR MR	PROPOR SG	PROPOR HC	PROPOR BR	PROPOR LR	TETPOR AIR	TETPOR LIQUID	TETPOR PLUS	EPDM o-ring	VITON o-ring	SILICONE o-ring
Hydrochloric acid 1N	-	-	-	С	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Hydrochloric acid conc.	-	-	-	NC	-	-	-	С	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC
Hydrochloric acid conc.13%	С	С	С	-	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NC	NC	NC
Hydrogen Peroxide	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	С	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С
Hydrogen Peroxide 10% Volume	-	-	-	С	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Hydrogen Peroxide 100% Volume	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Methanol	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	NC	С
Methyl-Iso-Butylketone	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	С	С	С	NC	NC	LC
Methylene Chloride @ 40°C	-	-	-	LC	-	-	-	LC	LC	LC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nitric acid 2N 14.4%	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	LC	С	С
Nitric acid 15.8N	С	С	С	NC	С	NC	С	С	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC
Ozone	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paraffin yellow	LC	LC	LC	LC	С	С	С	С	LC	LC	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	NC	С	NC
Pentane	С	С	С	LC	-	-	-	LC	LC	LC	-	-	-	-	-	LC	LC	LC	NC	С	NC
Peracetic acid 0.5% (10 wk test)	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С
Peracetic acid 4%	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Perchloroethylene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum spirits	-	-	-	NC	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	LC	LC	LC	NC	С	NC
Phenol (aq) 0.5N	С	С	С	-	NC	-	NC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phenol 5%	-	-	-	С	-	-	-	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Phenol 0.25%	-	-	-	С	-	-	-	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Polyethylene Glycol 600	LC	LC	LC	NC	С	С	С	LC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	-
Polyglycol 2000-E	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С
Potassium Dichromate 0.1N	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Potassium Iodine 0.6N	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Potassium Hydroxide 10N	С	С	С	NC	С	С	С	С	NC	NC	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	С	С	С	С	С	С
Potassium Permanganate 0.1N	С	С	С	NC	С	LC	С	С	NC	NC	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Propan-1-ol	С	С	С	NC	С	С	С	С	NC	NC	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	LC
Propan-2-ol	С	С	С	NC	С	С	С	С	NC	NC	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	LC
Propan-2-ol, 60:40 H ₂ O	С	С	С	NC	С	С	С	С	NC	NC	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Pyridine	С	С	С	NC	С	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	С	С	С	С	NC	С
Sodium Chloride 0.5N	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Saline Lactose Broth	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Sodium Hydroxide 1N 4%	NC	NC	NC	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Sodium Hydroxide 7N 28%	NC	NC	NC	NC	С	С	С	С	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	С	С	С	С	С	LC
Sodium Hypochlorite (14% Free Cl ₂)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С

	BIO-X II	HIGH FLOW BIO-X	HIGH FLOW BIO-X VENT AUTOCLAVE	HIGH FLOW PREPOR GFA	HIGH FLOW TETPOR II	HIGH FLOW TETPOR H.T.	HIGH FLOW TETPOR VENTAUTOCLAVE	PROCLEAR PP	PROCLEAR GF	PROCLEAR GP	PROPOR MR	PROPOR SG	PROPOR HC	PROPOR BR	PROPOR LR	TETPOR AIR	TETPOR LIQUID	TETPOR PLUS	EPDM o-ring	VITON o-ring	SILICONE o-ring
Sodium thiosulphate 0.1N	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	-	-	-	ı	-	С	С	С	С	С	С
Sulphuric acid 1N	С	С	С	LC	С	С	С	С	LC	LC	С	С	С	C	С	-	-	-	С	С	С
Sulphuric acid conc.	NC	NC	NC	LC	LC	NC	LC	LC	LC	LC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	LC	LC	LC	-	-	-
Sulphurous acid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	-
Toluene	NC	NC	NC	-	NC	NC	NC	NC	-	-	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	-	-	-	NC	LC	NC
1,1,1 Trichloroethane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,1,2 Trichloroethane	С	С	С	LC	С	LC	С	LC	LC	LC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	LC	LC	LC	NC	LC	LC
Trichloroacetic Acid 80%	-	-	-	LC	-	-	-	С	LC	LC	-	-	-	-	-	С	С	С	NC	LC	NC
Trichloroacetic Acid 5N	С	С	С	-	С	С	С	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-			
Toluene	-	-	-	NC	-	-	-	-	NC	NC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NC	LC	NC
Xylene	LC	LC	LC	NC	LC	LC	LC	NC	NC	NC	LC	LC	LC	LC	LC	NC	NC	NC	С	LC	NC

Chemical Compatibility User Instructions and Notes

The chemicals are arranged in alphabetical order using their most common or trade names. If the chemical in question does not appear to be listed, it may be found elsewhere in the table under a pseudonym, in particular its IUPAC¹⁰ name.

Please note:

- Any product that has limited compatibility (LC) at ambient temperatures should not be used at a higher temperature.
- The list of compatibilities does not take into account any synergistic effects of more than one chemical present in the solution to be filtered.

¹⁰ International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry

5. Cartridge and Capsule Cleanliness

PROPOR HC filters must meet stringent standards to be certified pharmaceutical (P) grade product by Parker domnick hunter. One aspect of this is to confirm levels of potential contaminants that may be added to a process stream by the addition of the filter capsule.

The following tests are designed to determine if contaminants can be released or extracted from the capsule filter and, where identified, a quantitative assessment is made.

5.1. Gravimetric Non Volatile Extractables in Water

The weight of non-volatile materials extracted from PROPOR HC cartridges and capsules was determined during a 10 litre room temperature purified water flush at constant flow to mimic normal operation (methodology defined in Internal Reference IPPF 118 developed from that defined in current USP <661>, Sub section Physicochemical Tests – Plastics.). Five 1 litre aliquots were taken at stepped intervals and assessed. 50 ml of each aliquot was evaporated in an acid washed crucible to constant weight. The NVE mass was identified and reported.

Irradiated (45.6 kGy) 'A' size capsule

	Control	\$	Sample Alic	quots No. ((mg / 50 ml)	
Cartridge Serial No.	Control	1	2	3	4	5	Results
	NVE	NVE	NVE	NVE	NVE	NVE	
DC289379	<1	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<5
DC289376	<1	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<5
DC289377	<1	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<5

Conclusion

Total NVEs extracted in the first 5 litre flush of purified water for an A size PROPOR HC capsule is <5 mg.

10" Cartridge

	Control	5	Sample Ali	quots No. (mg / 50 ml)	
Cartridge Serial No.	Control	1	2	3	4	5	Results
	NVE	NVE	NVE	NVE	NVE	NVE	
P013113	1	<1	1	<1	<1	<1	<5
P013647	1	3	1	1	<1	1	<7
P013100	0	3	4	1	<1	<1	<10

Conclusion

Total NVEs extracted in the first 5 litre flush of purified water for a 10 inch cartridge is <10 mg.

5.2. Buffering Capacity

The impact on buffering capacity of materials extracted from PROPOR HC cartridges and capsules was determined during a 10 litre room temperature purified water flush at constant flow. Five 1 litre aliquots were taken at stepped intervals and assessed using a protocol developed from that defined in current USP <661>, Sub section Physicochemical Tests – Plastics.

The volume of 0.1 N hydrochloric acid or 0.01 N sodium hydroxide required to bring each of the 20 ml extracts and 20 ml control samples to pH 7 was compared and reported. If the difference in the volumes added is less than 10 ml, the potential impact of the extract as a buffer is considered acceptable.

Irradiated (45.6 kGy) 'A' size capsule

	Con	trol				Sam	ple Ali	iquots	No.				
Cartridge Serial	Con		1		2	!	3	3	4	ļ.	5	;	
Cartridge Serial No.	Hd	pep	Hd	pep	Hd	pep	Hd	added	Hd	pep	Hd	added	Result
	Initial pH	ml added	Initial pH	ml added	Initial pH	ml added	Initial pH	ml ad	Initial pH	ml added	Initial	ml ad	
DC289379	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	Pass
DC289376	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	Pass
DC289377	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	Pass

Conclusion

The difference in the volumes added was less than 10 ml and therefore, the potential impact of the extract as a buffer is considered acceptable.

10" Cartridge

	Con	trol				Sam	ple Ali	iquots	No.				
Cartridge Serial	Con	Control			2	2	3	3	4	ı	5		
No.	ЬH	ded	Нф	ded	Нф	ded	Hd	added	Hd	added	Fd	added	Result
o Initial pH	ml ad	Initial pH	ml added	Initial pH	ml added	Initial pH	ml ad	Initial pH	ml ad	Initial pH	ml ad		
P013113	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	Pass
P013647	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	Pass
P013100	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	6	1	Pass

Conclusion

The difference in the volumes added was less than 10 ml and therefore, the potential impact of the extract as a buffer is considered acceptable.

5.3. Bacterial Endotoxins

Pyrogenicity, or the concentration of bacterial endotoxins, extracted from PROPOR HC cartridges and capsules was determined during a 10 litre room temperature purified water flush at constant flow. Five 1 litre aliquots were taken at stepped intervals and assessed using protocols defined in current USP <85>.

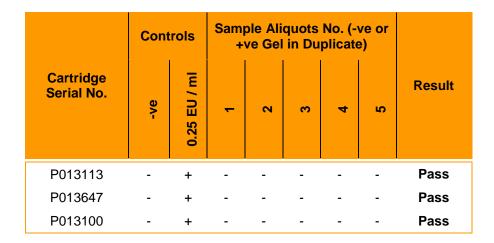
Irradiated (45.6 kGy) 'A' size capsule

	Cont	rols			quots in Du			
Cartridge Serial No.	-ve	0.25 EU / ml	-	2	3	4	5	Result
DC289379	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	Pass
DC289376	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	Pass
DC289377	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	Pass

Conclusion

Aqueous extracts from the A size PROPOR HC capsule were shown to contain < 0.25 EU / ml when tested in accordance with the Limulus Amoebocyte Lysate (LAL) test.

10" Cartridge



Conclusion

Aqueous extracts from the 10 inch PROPOR HC were shown to contain < 0.25 EU / ml when tested in accordance with the Limulus Amoebocyte Lysate (LAL) test

5.4. Particle and Fibre Shedding

The levels of particles and fibres released from PROPOR HC cartridges and capsules were determined. Three capsules from different production lots were flushed with one litre of purified water. Samples from subsequent aliquots up to a 10 litre flush were monitored using on-line particle counting and sizing in accordance with the requirements of:

- a) Current USP <788> Particulate Matter in Injections, Sub Section Light Obscuration Particle Count Test - Large Volume Injections
- b) EP2.9.19 Particulate Contamination: Sub-Visible Particles Method 1. Light Obscuration Particle Count Test.
- c) Allowable limits:
 - <25 particles per ml @ >= 10 µm
 - <3 particles per ml @ >= 25 µm

Irradiated (45.6 kGy) 'A' size capsule

	Size	Averag	e Counts p	per ml in 1 Litre l		les Taken	Post 1	
Cartridge Serial No	Bands µm	Clean Water Control	2 nd Litre	4 th Litre	6 th Litre	8 th Litre	10 th Litre	Result
	>2	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DC290270	>5	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00		Pass
DC289379	>10	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00		газэ
	>25	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00		
	>2	0.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00		
DC289376	>5	0.00	0.51	0.00	0.00	0.00		Pass
50203070	>10	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00		1 433
	>25	0.00	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00		
	>2	0.00	2.61	0.51	0.19	0.07		
DC289377	>5	0.00	0.73	0.03	0.01	0.00		Pass
	>10	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00		1 433
	>25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		

Conclusion

All filters conform to the requirements of USP<788> and EP2.9.19 within the first 2 litres of a purified water flush.

10" Cartridge

Cartridge Serial No	Size	Averag	e Counts p	per ml in 1 Litre F		les Taken	Post 1	
	Bands µm	Clean Water Control	2 nd Litre	4 th Litre	6 th Litre	8 th Litre	10 th Litre	Result
	>2	0.68	3.26	0.89	0.76	0.57		
D012112	>5	0.15	1.12	0.27	0.27	0.17		Pass
P013113	>10	0.06	0.36	80.0	0.10	0.05		Pass
	>25	0.04	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.00		
	>2	0.04	12.76	4.73	4.19	1.19		
P013647	>5	0.01	4.92	1.78	1.40	0.64		Pass
1 013047	>10	0.00	2.42	0.84	0.57	0.29		1 433
	>25	0.00	0.34	0.10	0.09	0.04		
	>2	0.00	4.93	1.92	1.01	0.52		
P013100	>5	0.00	0.75	0.18	0.10	0.05		Dana
	>10	0.00	0.23	0.05	0.02	0.01		Pass
	>25	0.00	0.04	0.01	0.00	0.00		

Conclusion

All filters conform to the requirements of USP<788> and EP2.9.19 within the first 2 litres of a purified water flush.

5.5. Oxidizable Substances

The level of oxidizable substances extracted from a PROPOR HC cartridges and capsule was determined during a 10 litre room temperature purified water flush at constant flow. Five 1 litre aliquots were taken at stepped intervals and assessed using the method defined in the Monograph: Water, Purified, of the current European Pharmacopoeia (identified as an alternative to TOC (2.2.44)).

To 100 ml of extract, 10 ml of dilute sulphuric acid and 0.1 ml of 0.2 M potassium permanganate was added and boiled for 5 minutes. The extracts from the three test cartridges must remain pink to indicate an acceptable level of oxidizable substances.

Irradiated (45.6 kGy) 'A' size capsule

Cartridge Serial	Cor	ntrol	(P		le Aliquot nk Colou		s)	Result
No.	+ve	-ve	1	2	3	4	5	Result
DC289379	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Pass
DC289376	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Pass
DC289377	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Pass

Conclusion

PROPOR HC filter capsules meet current USP quality standards for oxidizable substances within the first 1 litre flush with purified water.

10" Cartridge

Cartridge Serial	Cor	itrol	(P		le Aliquot nk Colou		s)	Result
No.	+ve	-ve	1	2	3	4	5	Result
P013113	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Pass
P013647	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Pass
P013100	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Pass

Conclusion

PROPOR HC filter cartridges meet the requirements of the current EP and USP quality standards for oxidizable substances within the first 1 litre flush with purified water.

5.6. Total Organic Carbon and Ionic Substances

TOC levels were determined for the PROPOR HC cartridges and capsules in accordance with standard production process and production specifications. Immediately after the flush, 200 ml is assessed for TOC and conductivity by an on line analyzer. Measured TOC and conductivity levels are recorded.

The test method for TOC is in accordance with current USP <643> and EP 2.2.44. The test method for conductivity is in accordance with current USP <645> and EP 2.2.38.

Acceptable TOC limit: <500ppb

Acceptable conductivity limit: <1.3 µS / cm @ 25°C

Irradiated (45.6 kGy) 'A' size capsule

Cartridge	Filtrate	Sample	Results		
Serial No.	TOC (ppb)	Conductivity (µS/cm)	TOC (ppb)	Conductivity (uS/cm)	
DC289379	420	0.075	Pass	Pass	
DC289376	145	0.061	Pass	Pass	
DC289377	160	0.119	Pass	Pass	

Conclusion

The filtrate quality from an A size PROPOR HC capsule conforms to the requirements of USP <643> (TOC) and USP <645> (conductivity) within the first 200 ml flush of purified water.

10" Cartridge

Cartridge	Filtrate	Sample	Results		
Serial No.	TOC (ppb)	Conductivity (µS/cm)	TOC (ppb)	Conductivity (uS/cm)	
P013655	258	0.070	Pass	Pass	
P135339	205	0.070	Pass	Pass	
P135344	180	0.071	Pass	Pass	
P012430	170	0.076	Pass	Pass	
P135342	215	0.072	Pass	Pass	
P135341	195	0.071	Pass	Pass	

Conclusion

The filtrate quality from a 10 inch PROPOR HC conforms to the requirements of USP <643> (TOC) and USP <645> and EP 2.2.38 (conductivity) within the first 200 ml flush of purified water.

5.7. Determination of extracted chemical compounds¹¹

To assist in planning validation studies for a particular drug product, extraction tests in WFI (70°C for 24hrs) have been conducted to identify the compounds that could potentially leach into a drug product during aseptic filtration. This information can be used to assess potential toxicological effects of the leachable substances in-line with ISO 10993-17 "Methods for the establishment of allowable limits for leachable substances using health based risk". The tests were conducted on products from the PROPOR range utilising the same materials of construction.

The analysis was performed on combined extracts from three 0.1m² filter cartridges pre and post autoclaving @ 130°C for 30 minutes. Extraction conditions for the cartridges were a static soak for 24 hours at 70°C. The results reported below are an average per cartridge for the three tested.

Metals Analysis via ICP-AES

Matala	Mass extract	mg /cartridge
Metals	Pre autoclave	Post Autoclave
Ва	<0.04	<0.04
Ca	< 0.06	<0.06
Cd	<0.04	<0.04
Co	< 0.05	<0.05
Cr	<0.04	<0.04
Cu	<0.04	<0.04
Fe	<0.04	<0.04
K	<0.04	<0.04
Mg	<0.04	<0.04
Mn	<0.04	<0.04
Na	<0.04	<0.04
Ni	<0.08	<0.08
Pb	<0.08	<0.08
Zn	< 0.04	<0.04

NOTE: All metal extracts were below the limit of detection of the instrumentation

Conclusion

All potential metal extracts were below the limit of detection of the instrumentation.

¹¹ Product formats, solutions and process conditions may influence type and concentration of leachables observed.

Headspace GC/MS

Volatile organic molecules that migrate into the contact solution during a prolonged contact step between a medical device or a test material and the extraction solution, may come from various sources such as monomer residues, solvent residues from various production steps, residues from polymer treatments or smaller polymer breakdown products.

The selected technique for this analytical method – Headspace coupled to a Gas Chromatography (GC) with Mass Spectrometry (MS) allows identification of the target analytes based on both retention time of the analytes in the chromatogram and the mass spectrum of the eluting compound at this specific retention time.

No compounds could be detected at a higher concentration than the method reporting limit of $79\mu g$ / cartridge.

Dichloromethane Extraction (DCM) + GC/MS

This analytical technique is used to identify potential migration of organic components. To improve the sensitivity of the total analytical method, the water samples were extracted with an organic solvent (DCM) with a low boiling point. Following extraction, the DCM phase was concentrated down to 2 ml to further enhance sensitivity.

The compounds identified were

- Butyrolactone
- 4-butoxy-1-butanol
- Caprolactam
- Azacyclotridecan-2-one

Dichloromethane Extraction (DCM) + LC/MS

This analytical technique is used to identify non-volatile or non-thermostable components such as antioxidants, plasticizers etc. To improve the sensitivity of the total analytical method, the water samples were extracted with an organic solvent (DCM) with a low boiling point. Following extraction the DCM phase was concentrated down to 2 ml to further enhance sensitivity.

The compounds identified were

Erucamide

6. Tests for Biocompatibility

An independent research establishment has assessed the biological safety associated with the use of PROPOR HC filters designed for processing pharmaceutical products.

The materials used in the construction of PROPOR HC products meet the requirements of the current USP <88> Biological Reactivity tests at Plastics Class VI – 121°C. A matrix of test reports is given below:

Component	Material Description	Report References	Testing Agency
Endcaps	Injection Moulded Nylon	07-4844-G1	HRC Ltd. & Toxikon Corp.
Core	Injection Moulded Polypropylene	881320D/DHF 18/AC 881327D/DHF 19/AC 881344D/DHF 20/AC	HRC Ltd.
Filtration Membranes	Cast Polyethersulfone Membrane	99G-0108	Toxikon Corp.
Membrane Supports	Spunbond Polyester non-woven.	90676D/LML 1/AC 90678D/LML 3/AC 90677D/LML 2/AC	HRC Ltd.

7. Certificate of Conformance

To certify that Parker domnick hunter's PROPOR HC filter products meet the highest pharmaceutical quality and performance requirements, a Certificate of Conformance is issued.

Documentation Approval Section					
Q.A. Approval					
Approved By:	Martin Newman				
Title:	Senior Quality Engineer				
Date:	<u>April 2017</u>				
Technical Approv	al				
Approved By:	Andrew Kelly				
Title:	Product Manager (Life Science)				
Date:	April 2017				



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